

# **RAJASTHAN LAND REVENUE ACT 1956**

The whole of the Land Revenue Act has been simplified and summarized by DLA in 20 pages, retaining the statutory language.

In this sample we present the first 5 pages.....

### **Interpretation**

#### Section 3

- "Land Records Officer" shall mean
  - the **collector**
  - the Additional or Assistant Land Records Officer
- "Nazul Land" shall mean
  - **abadi land** within the limits of a municipality or a panchayat circle or a village, town or city
    - vesting in State Govt
- "Village" shall mean
  - the tract of land
  - which has been or may hereafter be recognised and recorded to be a village

## Establishment and Composition of Board

#### Section 4

• There shall be established for Rajasthan

#### o a Board of Revenue

- The Board shall consist of
  - a Chairman and not less than 3 and not more than 15 other members\_
- Headquarters of the Board of Revenue
  - shall be at **Ajmer**

## Powers of the Board

#### Section 8

- The Board shall be the **highest revenue court** 
  - of appeal, revision and reference in Rajasthan



#### Superintendence of Revenue Courts

Section 9

- General superintendence and control •
  - over all revenue courts and over all revenue officers 0
  - shall be vested in the Board  $\circ$
- All such courts and officers
  - shall be subordinate to the Board

## **Territorial Divisions**

Section 15

- ACADEN For revenue and general administration:
- The State shall consist of divisions and districts
- Every division shall be a district or more than one district •
- A district may be divided into sub-divisions •
- Each sub-division shall consist of one or more tehsils

## Commissioner

Section 17

- State Government
  - shall appoint in each division a Commissioner 0
  - may appoint Additional Commissioners 0

## **Settlement Commissioner**

Section 18

- State Govt
  - shall appoint for the whole of the State a Settlement Commissioner
  - may appoint many Additional Settlement Commissioners 0

## **Director of Land Records**

Section 19

- State Govt
  - shall appoint for the State, a Director of Land Records
  - may appoint many Additional and Assistant Directors of Land Records 0



## Appointment of other Officers

Section 20

- State Govt **shall** appoint
  - $\circ$  a **Collector** in each district
    - who shall also be Land Records Officer for the district
  - a **Tehsildar** in each tehsil
- State Govt **may** appoint
  - an Additional Land Record Officer to a district
  - a Settlement Officer to a district
  - o as many Assistant Collectors to a district as it thinks fit
- State Govt shall appoint
  - o an Assistant Collecor in charge of a sub-division
    - a Tehsildar or a Naib-Tehsildar in charge of a sub-tehsil

## **Revenue Appellate Authority**

Section 20A

- State Govt may appoint
  - a number of officers, not being less than three
- to hear and dispose of appeals, revisions and references
  - in revenue judicial cases and other specified matters
- Every officer so appointed
  - shall be designated as **Revenue Appellate Authority** and

## **Controlling Power**

Section 23 (1)

- Control of all non-judicial matters
  - o connected with revenue other than matters connected with settlement
  - is vested in State Govt
- Control of all judicial matters and settlement matters
  - $\circ$  is vested in the Board



## Judicial matter

#### Section 23 (2)

- "judicial matter" means
  - a proceeding in which a revenue court or officer has to determine **rights and liabilities** of parties and
  - proceedings, orders, appeals, revisions and references in a case specified in First Schedule

# Subordination of Revenue Courts and Officers

## Section 24

- Following officers in a division shall be subordinate to the Commissioner :
  - All Addl. Commissioners
  - Collectors, Addl. Collectors
  - Sub-Divisional Officers, Asstt. Collectors
  - Tehsildars and Naib-Tehsildars
- Following officers in a district shall be subordinate to the Collector
  - all Addl. Collectors
  - Sub-Divisional Officers, Asstt. Collectors
  - Tehsildars and Naib-Tehsildars
- officers subordinate to the Sub-Divisional Officer:
  - all Tehsildars and Naib-Tehsildars

## **Inherent powers of Courts and officers**

Section 27

- A Commissioner shall have
  - o all powers of a Land Records Officer and officers subordinate to LRO
- A Revenue Appellate Authority shall have all powers of
  - a Collector, a Sub Divisional Officer, an Assistant Collector and a Tehsildar
- A Collector shall have all powers of



- $_{\odot}~$  a Sub-Divisional Officer, an Assistant Collector and a Tehsildar
- A Sub-Divisional Officer
  - $_{\odot}$   $\,$  shall have all powers of an Assistant Collector and a Tehsildar
- A Land Records Officer or a Settlement Officer
  - shall have all powers of a Tehsildar

Formation and alteration of Patwaris' Circles

Section 30

- Director of Land Records
  - o may arrange villages of each district in **Patwaris' circles**
  - may alter the number and limits of such circles

## Appointment of Patwaris

Section 31

- The Collector shall appoint a **Patwari** to each circle
  - for maintenance and correction of annual registers and records under Chapter VII
  - for collection of all rents, revenue and other demands due from land holders and tenants
  - o for such other duties as prescribed by State Govt

## Formation of Land Records Inspection circles

Section 32

- Director of Land Records may arrange
  - patwaris' circles of each district into land records inspection circles

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